**Future availability & supplies – A few facts & figures about our raw materials**

- **Resources** are the amount of raw materials that are believed to exist but are unable to be mined with today’s technology.
- **Reserves** are the volumes of raw materials that can technically and economically be expected to be mined.
- **Supply Risks** & **Economic Importance** are evaluated using a standardised scale, ranging between 0 and 10, as of 2013; all figures are percentages.
- **Substitutability Index** sheds light on how well a raw material can be replaced by another without this impacting negatively on the quality or effectiveness of the product.

### Resources & Reserves
- Indium: 2022 (Reserves), 2154 (Resources)
- Zinc: 2030 (Reserves), 2172 (Resources)
- Chromium: 2033 (Resources)
- Gold: 2034 (Resources)
- Tungsten: 2053 (Resources)
- Copper: 2094 (Resources)
- Zircon: 2070 (Resources)
- Cobalt: 2072 (Resources)
- Niobium: 2092 (Resources)
- Tantalum: 2098 (Resources)
- Titanium: 2145 (Resources)
- PGMs (platinum group metals): 2186 (Resources)
- Phosphorus (phosphate): 2098 (Resources)
- Gallium: 2070 (Resources)

### Recycling Rates
- As of 2013, all figures are percentages.

### Substitutability Index
- A standardised scale (0 = very good, 1 = not possible) has been reversed here to make the chart clearer.

### Future availability & supplies
- **Static Lifetime**
- **A few facts & figures about our raw materials**

Source: CUTEC Study "Prüfung und Aktualisierung von Rohstoffparametern", 2016

**NDA** = no data available

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